

FACULTY OF EDUCATION

DEPARTMENT OF SPECIAL EDUCATION

Course code: CST202

Course Title: General Pedagogy

QUESTIONS

1. As a student who has been learning for a long time now, how can you differentiate between your learning and your readiness to learn.
2. Picture your learning (educational) context in Cameroon and briefly explain how learning occurs through the following
 - a. Social Constructivism
 - b. Classical conditioning (Pavlov)
 - c. Gestalt principle of learning
3. Using the available learning and technological resources, explain how you can improve on your learning as a student in the University of Buea through
 - a. Personal qualities of learning
 - b. Class learning resources
 - c. Campus resources

Course Instructors: DRs Tande K, Kumcho E, Orok Afor and Molesy A.

Presented By: Menkem Sharon Fri: ED18A670

Date: 16th June, 2020

QUESTION 1

Learning	Reading to learn
Learning is a relatively permanent change in behavior as a result of experience.	It enables us to master and know how to write successfully.
Learning is involuntary	It is voluntary
We can learn in groups	It is an individual work
It builds up our skills so as to function effectively in our day to day life.	We read to learn about new things, rules and how to do things.
We learn everyday	We read to improve our vocabulary, brain and our writing skills at the same time.

QUESTION 2

a. Social Constructivism

It is the interaction between social and practical elements in learning through speech and practical activities. This models advocate collaborative learning with peers and other adults.

In Cameroon, students work together in a tasked team work and assignments are given to improve their learning.

b. Classical Conditioning(Pavlov)

It refers to a learning procedure in which a biological content stimulus is paired with a new learned response in a person or animal. It occurs through association between an environment stimulus and natural occurring stimulus.

c. Gestalt Principles of Learning

This theory states that objectives are perceived within an environment and the mind understands external stimulus as a whole rather than some of its parts.

This law deals with the Sensory Modality version. Here, learners are encouraged to discover the nature of a topic and solutions to the problems.

QUESTION 3

a. Personal Qualities of learning

Personal qualities are what make up one's personalities. They help a person get along in a new situation.

One can improve in personal quality by

- By being curious: As a learner, you never be satisfied and always hungry with knowledge and also find out some solutions to your problems.
- Always willing to learn: As a learner, I am always open for new information and know how to handle problems in the society.
- By being moral.
- Be self aware and respectful.

b. Class learning resources.

These are materials to facilitate learning effectively. The resources can be

- Text books
- School video clips
- Library
- Also, assignments

c. Campus Resources

These are resources placed in colleges and schools to facilitate learning. I can improve in my campus resources by

- Going to the library to do research, borrow books.
- Seeking corrections from lecturers.
- Attending lectures and tutorials.
- Seek advice from the school counselor.
- Get information from school radio station and notice boards.